**TEST – 1 (Teaching Aptitude)**

1. Discussion Method can be used when:

(A) The topic is very difficult (B) The topic is easy

(C) The topic is difficult (D) All of the above

2. Which of the following is a teaching aid?

(A) Working Model of Wind Mill (B) Tape Recorder

(C) 16mm Film Projector (D) All the above

3. The quality of teaching is reflected:

(A) By the attendance of students in the class (B) By the pass percentage of students

(C) By the quality of questions asked by students (D) By the duration of silence maintained in the class

4. The present annual examination system:

(A) promotes role learning (B) does not promote good study habits

(C) does not encourage students to be regular in class (D) All the above

5. Team teaching has the potential to develop:

(A) Competitive spirit

(B) Cooperation

(C) The habit of supplementing the teaching of each other

(D) Highlighting the gaps in each other’s teaching

6. Which of the following is the most important characteristic of Open Book Examination system?

(A) Students become serious. (B) It improves attendance in the classroom.

(C) It reduces examination anxiety amongst students. (D) It compels students to think.

7. Which of the following methods of teaching encourages the use of maximum senses?

(A) Problem-solving method (B) Laboratory method

(C) Self-study method (D) Team teaching method

8. Which of the following statement is correct?

(A) Communicator should have fine senses

(B) Communicator should have tolerance power

(C) Communicator should be soft spoken

(D) Communicator should have good personality

9. An effective teacher is one who can:

(A) Control the class (B) Give more information in less time

(C) Motivate students to learn (D) Correct the assignments carefully

10. Which of the following statements is correct?

(A) Syllabus is a part of curriculum.

(B) Syllabus is an annexure to curriculum.

(C) Curriculum is the same in all educational institutions affiliated to a pa rticular university.

(D) Syllabus is not the same in all educational institutions affiliated to particular university.

11. Which of the two given options is of the level of understanding?

(I) Define noun.

(II) Define noun in your own words.

(A) Only I (B) Only II

(C) Both I and II (D) Neither I nor II

Q12. Which of the following statement is not correct ?

(A) Lecture Method can develop reasoning

(B) Lecture Method can develop knowledge

(C) Lecture Method is one way process

(D) During Lecture Method students are passive

13. The main objective of teaching at Higher Education Level is :

(A) To prepare students to pass examination

(B) To develop the capacity to take decisions

(C) To give new information

(D) To motivate students to ask questions during lecture

14. Which of the following statement is correct ?

(A) Reliability ensures validity

(B) Validity ensures reliability

(C) Reliability and validity are independent of each other

(D) Reliability does not depend on objectivity

15. Which of the following indicates evaluation ?

(A) Ram got 45 marks out of 200 (B) Mohan got 38 percent marks in English

(C) Shyam got First Division in final examination (D) All the above

15. Teacher uses visual-aids to make learning:

(A) Simple (B) More knowledgeable

(C) Quicker (D) Interesting

16. The teacher’s role at the higher educational level is to:

(A) Provide information to students

(B) Promote self-learning in students

(C) Encourage healthy competition among students

(D) Help students to solve their personal problems

17. Which one of the following teachers would you like the most:

(A) punctual (B) having research aptitude

(C) loving and having high idealistic philosophy (D) who often amuses his students

18. Micro teaching is most effective for the student-teacher:

(A) During the practice teaching (B) After the practice-teaching

(C) Before the practice-teaching (D) None of the above

19. Which is the least important factor in teaching?

(A) Punishing the students

(B) Maintaining discipline in the class

(C) Lecturing in impressive way

(D) Drawing sketches and diagrams on the black-board

20. Which is the most important aspect of the teacher’s role in learning?

(A) The development of insight into what constitutes an adequate performance

(B) The development of insight into what constitutes the pitfalls and dangers to be avoided

(C) The provision of encouragement and moral support

(D) The provision of continuous diagnostic and remedial help

21. The most appropriate purpose of learning is:

(A) Personal adjustment (B) Modification of behaviour

(C) Social and political awareness (D) Preparing oneself for employment

22. The students who keep on asking questions in the class should be:

(A) Encouraged to find answer independently (B) Advised to meet the teacher after the class

(C) Encouraged to continue questioning (D) Advised not to disturb during the lecture

23. Maximum participation of students is possible in teaching through:

(A) Discussion method (B) Lecture method

(C) Audio-visual aids (D) Text book method

24. The teacher has been glorified by the phrase “Friend, philosopher and guide” because:

(A) He has to play all vital roles in the context of society

(B) He transmits the high value of humanity to students

(C) He is the great reformer of the society

(D) He is a great patriot

25. The most important cause of failure for teacher lies in the area of:

(A) Inter personal relationship (B) Lack of command over the knowledge of the subject

(C) Verbal ability (D) Strict handling of the students

26. A teacher can establish rapport with his students by:

(A) Becoming a figure of authority (B) Impressing students with knowledge and skill

(C) Playing the role of a guide (D) Becoming a friend to the students

27. Education is a powerful instrument of:

(A) Social transformation (B) Personal transformation

(C) Cultural transformation (D) All the above

Q5. A teacher’s major contribution towards the maximum self-realization of the student is affected through:

(A) Constant fulfilment of the students’ needs

(B) Strict control of class-room activities

(C) Sensitivity to students’ needs, goals and purposes

(D) Strict reinforcement of academic standards

28. Value-education stands for:

(A) Making a student healthy (B) Making a student to get a job

(C) Inculcation of virtues (D) All-round development of personality

29. When a normal student behaves in an erratic manner in the class, you would:

(A) Pull up the student then and there

(B) Talk to the student after the class

(C) Ask the student to leave the class

(D) Ignore the student

30. In which teaching method learner’s participation is made optimal and proactive?

(A) Discussion method (B) Buzz session method

(C) Brainstorming session method (D) Project method

31. One of the most powerful factors affecting teaching effectiveness is related to the

(A) Social system of the country (B) Economic status of the society

(C) Prevailing political system (D) Educational system

32. Assertion (A): Formative evaluation tends to accelerate the pace of learning.

Reason (R): As against summative evaluation, formative evaluation is highly reliable.

Choose the correct Answer from the following code

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

(B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

(C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.

(D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

33. Which of the following set of statements represents acceptable propositions in respect of teaching-learning relationships?

Choose the correct code to indicate your Answer.

(i) When students fail in a test, it is the teacher who fails.

(ii) Every teaching must aim at ensuring learning.

(iii) There can be teaching without learning taking place

(iv) There can be no learning without teaching.

(v) A teacher teaches but learns also Real learning implies rote learning

(A) (ii), (iii), (iv) and (v) (B) (i), (ii), (iii) and (v)

(C) (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi) (D) (i), (ii), (v) and (vi)

34. Assertion (A): Learning is a lifelong process.

Reason (R): Learning to be useful must be linked with life processes.

Choose the correct Answer from the following code

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

(B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

(C) (A) is true, but (R) is false

(D) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

35. Effectiveness of teaching has to be judged in terms of

(A) Course coverage (B) Students’ interest

(C) Learning outcomes of students (D) Use of teaching aids in the classroom

36. Which of the following set of statements reflects the basic characteristics of teaching ?

Select the correct alternative from the codes :

(i) Teaching is the same as training.

(ii) There is no difference between instruction and conditioning when we teach.

(iii) Teaching is related to learning.

(iv) Teaching is a ‘task’ word while learning is an ‘achievement’ word.

(v) Teaching means giving information.

(vi) One may teach without learning taking place.

Codes :

(A) (i), (ii) and (iii) (B) (iii), (iv) and (vi)

(C) (ii), (iii) and (v) (D) (i), (iv) and (vi)

37. Which of the following factors affect teaching ?

Choose the correct code to indicate your answer.

(i) Teacher’s internal locus of control.

(ii) Learner-motivation.

(iii) Teacher’s biographical data.

(iv) Teacher’s self efficacy.

(v) Learner’s interest in co-curricular activities.

(vi) Teacher’s skill in managing and monitoring.

(vii) Teacher’s knowledge of the subject including general knowledge.

Codes :

(A) (i), (ii), (iv), (vi) and (vii) (B) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) and (v)

(C) (iii), (iv), (v), (vi) and (vii) (D) (ii), (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi)

38. Which combination of methods of teaching is likely to optimise learning ?

(A) Lecturing, discussions and seminar method

(B) Interactive discussions, planned lectures and PowerPoint based presentations

(C) Interactive lecture sessions followed by buzz sessions, brainstorming and objects

(D) Lecturing, demonstrations and PowerPoint based presentations

39. Assertion (A): Teaching aids have to be considered as effective supplements to instruction.

Reason (R): They keep the students in good humour.

Choose the correct answer from the codes given below :

Codes :

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

(B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

(C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.

(D) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

40. The purpose of formative evaluation is to

(A) Grade students’ learning outcomes.

(B) Accelerate students’ learning performance.

(C) Check students’ performance graph.

(D) Provide feedback to teacher effectiveness.

41. Which of the following learner characteristics are likely to influence the effectiveness of teaching aids and evaluation systems to ensure positive results?

(A) Learner’s family background, age and habitation.

(B) Learner’s parentage, socio-economic background and performance in learning of the concerned subject.

(C) Learner’s stage of development, social background and personal interests.

(D) Learner’s maturity level, academic performance level and motivational dispositions.

42. Which set of learner characteristics may be considered helpful in designing effective teaching-learning systems? Select the correct alternative from the codes given below:

(i) Prior experience of learners in respect of the subject.

(ii) Interpersonal relationships of learner’s family friends.

(iii) Ability of the learners in respect of the subject.

(iv) Student’s language background.

(v) Interest of students in following the prescribed dress code.

(vi) Motivational-orientation of the students.

Codes:

(A) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) (B) (i), (iii), (iv) and (vi)

(C) (ii), (iii), (iv) and (v) (D) (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi)

43. Match the items of the first set with that of the second set in respect of evaluation system. Choose the correct code:

Set – I Set - II

a. Formative evaluation i. Evaluating cognitive and cognitive aspects with regularity

b. Summative evaluation ii. Tests and their interpretations based on a group and certain yardsticks

c. Continuous and comprehensive iii. Grading the final learning outcomes evaluation

d. Norm and criterion referenced iv. Quizzes and discussions tests

Codes:

a b c d

(A) iv iii i ii

(B) i ii iii iv

(C) iii iv ii i

(D) i iii iv ii

44. Select the alternative which consists of positive factors contributing to effectiveness of teaching:

List of factors:

(a) Teacher’s knowledge of the subject.

(b) Teacher’s socio-economic background.

(c) Communication skill of the teacher.

(d) Teacher’s ability to please the students.

(e) Teacher’s personal contact with students.

(f) Teacher’s competence in managing and monitoring the classroom transactions.

Codes:

(A) (b), (c) and (d) (B) (c), (d) and (f)

(C) (b), (d) and (e) (D) (a), (c) and (f)

45. The use of teaching aids is justified on the grounds of

(A) Attracting student’s attention in the class room.

(B) Minimizing indiscipline problems in the classroom.

(C) Optimizing learning outcomes of students.

(D) Effective engagement of students in learning tasks.

46. Assertion (A): The purpose of higher education is to promote critical and creative thinking abilities among students.

Reason (R): These abilities ensure job placements.

Choose the correct answer from the following code:

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

(B) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

(C) (A) is true and (R) is false.

(D) (A) is false and (R) is true.

47. Which of the following factors does not impact teaching?

(A) Learning through experience

(B) Teacher's knowledge

(C) Class room activities that encourage learning

(D) Socio-economic background of teachers and students

Q48. Which of the following steps are required to design a questionnaire?

(a) Writing primary and secondary aims of the study.

(b) Review of the current literature.

(c) Prepare a draft of questionnaire.

(d) Revision of the draft.

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

(A) (a), (b), (c) and (d) (B) (a), (b) and (c)

(C) (a), (c) and (d) (D) (b), (c) and (d)

49. Which of the following is the highest level of cognitive ability?

(A) Evaluating (B) Knowing

(C) Understanding (D) Analysing

50. Achievement tests are commonly used for the purpose of:

(A) Assessing the amount of learning after teaching

(B) Making selections for a specific job

(C) Selecting candidates for a course

(D) Identifying strengths and weaknesses of learners

51. Maximum participation of students during teaching is possible through

(A) Lecture method (B) Demonstration method

(C) Inductive method (D) Textbook method

52. Diagnostic evaluation ascertains

(A) Students performance at the beginning of instructions.

(B) Learning progress and failures during instructions.

(C) Degree of achievements of instructions at the end.

(D) Causes and remedies of persistent learning problems during instructions.

53. Instructional aides are used by the teacher to

(A) Glorify the class (B) Attract the students

(C) Clarify the concepts (D) Ensure discipline

54. Attitude of the teacher that affects teaching pertains to

(A) Affective domain (B) Cognitive domain

(C) Connative domain (D) Psychomotor domain

55. Dyslexia is associated with

(A) Mental disorder

(B) Behavioural disorder

(C) Reading disorder

(D) Writing disorder

56. The e-content generation for undergraduate courses has been assigned by the Ministry of Human Resource Development to

(A) INFLIBNET

(B) Consortium for Educational Communication

(C) National Knowledge Commission

(D) Indira Gandhi National Open University

57. Classroom communication is normally considered as

(A) Effective (B) Cognitive

(C) Affective (D) Selective

58. Which one of the following is considered a sign of motivated teaching?

(A) Students asking questions (B) Maximum attendance of the students

(C) Pin drop silence in the classroom (D) Students taking notes

59. While delivering lecture if there is some disturbance in the class, a teacher should

(A) Keep quiet for a while and then continue.

(B) Punish those causing disturbance.

(C) Motivate to teach those causing disturbance.

(D) Not bother of what is happening in the class.

60. Effective teaching is a function of

(A) Teacher’s satisfaction.

(B) Teacher’s honesty and commitment.

(C) Teacher’s making students learn and understand.

(D) Teacher’s liking for professional excellence.

61. The most appropriate meaning of learning is

(A) Acquisition of skills

(B) Modification of behaviour

(C) Personal adjustment

(D) Inculcation of knowledge

62. Arrange the following teaching process in order :

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(i) Relate the present knowledge with previous one

(ii) Evaluation

(iii) Reteaching

(iv) Formulating instructional objectives

(v) Presentation of instructional materials

(A) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v)

(B) (ii), (i), (iii), (iv), (v)

(C) (v), (iv), (iii), (i), (ii)

(D) (iv), (i), (v), (ii), (iii)

63. CIET stands for

(A) Centre for Integrated Education and Technology

(B) Central Institute for Engineering and Technology

(C) Central Institute for Education Technology

(D) Centre for Integrated Evaluation Techniques.

64. Teacher’s role at higher education level is to

(A) Provide information to students.

(B) Promote self learning in students.

(C) Encourage healthy competition among students.

(D) Help students to solve their problems.

65. A good teacher must be

(A) Resourceful and autocratic

(B) Resourceful and participative

(C) Resourceful and authoritative

(D) Resourceful and dominant

66. Which one of the following is the best method of teaching ?

(A) Lecture method

(B) Discussion method

(C) Demonstration method

(D) Question-Answer method

67. Successful Communication in classroom teaching is

(A) Circular (B) Reciprocal

(C) Directional (D) Influential

68. Which one of the following types of evaluation assesses the learning progress to provide continuous feedback to both teachers and students during instruction ?

(A) Placement evaluation (B) Formative evaluation

(C) Diagnostic evaluation (D) Summative

69. Which one of the following is a scaled down teaching situation?

(A) Macro teaching (B) Team teaching

(C) Cooperative teaching (D) Micro teaching

70. The black-board can be utilized best by a teacher for

(A) Putting the matter of teaching in black and white

(B) Making the students attentive

(C) Writing the important and notable points

(D) Highlighting the teacher himself

71. Nowadays the most effective mode of learning is

(A) Self study (B) Face-to-face learning

(C) e-Learning (D) Blended learning

72. At the primary school stage, most of the teachers should be women because they

(A) Can teach children better than men.

(B) Know basic content better than men.

(C) Are available on lower salaries.

(D) Can deal with children with love and affection.

73. Which one is the highest order of learning?

(A) Chain learning (B) Problem-solving learning

(C) Stimulus-response learning (D) Conditioned-reflex learning

74. A person can enjoy teaching as a profession when he

(A) Has control over students.

(B) Commands respect from students.

(C) is more qualified than his colleagues.

(D) is very close to higher authorities.

75. What are the characteristics of Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation?

(a) It increases the workload on students by taking multiple tests.

(b) It replaces marks with grades.

(c) It evaluates every aspect of the student.

(d) It helps in reducing examination phobia.

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

(A) (a), (b), (c) and (d)

(B) (b) and (d)

(C) (a), (b) and (c)

(D) (b), (c) and (d)

76. Which of the following attributes denote great strengths of a teacher?

(a) Full-time active involvement in the institutional management

(b) Setting examples

(c) Willingness to put assumptions to the test

(d) Acknowledging mistakes

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

(A) (a), (b) and (d)

(B) (b), (c) and (d)

(C) (a), (c) and (d)

(D) (a), (b), (c) and (d)

77. Which one of the following statements is correct in the context of multiple - choice type questions?

(A) They are more objective than true-false type questions.

(B) They are less objective than essay type questions.

(C) They are more subjective than short-answer type questions.

(D) They are more subjective than true-false type questions.

78. What are required for good teaching?

(a) Diagnosis

(b) Remedy

(c) Direction

(d) Feedback

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

(A) (a), (b), (c) and (d)

(B) (a) and (b)

(C) (b), (c) and (d)

(D) (c) and (d)

79. The main objectives of student evaluation of teachers are:

(a) To gather information about student weaknesses.

(b) To make teachers take teaching seriously.

(c) To help teachers adopt innovative methods of teaching.

(d) To identify the areas of further improvement in teacher traits.

Identify the correct answer from the codes given below:

(A) (a) and (b) only

(B) (b), (c) and (d) only

(C) (a), (b) and (c) only

(D) (a) only

80. Which of the following set of statements represents acceptable propositions in respect of teaching-learning relationships? Choose the correct code to indicate your answer.

(i) When students fail in a test, it is the teacher who fails.

(ii) Every teaching must aim at ensuring learning.

(iii) There can be teaching without learning taking place.

(iv) There can be no learning without teaching.

(v) A teacher teaches but learns also.

(vi) Real learning implies rote learning.

Codes:

(A) (ii), (iii), (iv) and (v)

(B) (i), (ii), (iii) and (v)

(C) (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi)

(D) (i), (ii), (v) and (vi)

81. Effectiveness of teaching has to be judged in terms of

(A) Course coverage

(B) Students’ interest

(C) Learning outcomes of students

(D) Use of teaching aids in the classroom

82. In which teaching method learner’s participation is made optimal and proactive?

(A) Discussion method

(B) Buzz session method

(C) Brainstorming session method

(D) Project method

83. Assertion (A): Formative evaluation tends to accelerate the pace of learning.

Reason (R): As against summative evaluation, formative evaluation is highly reliable.

Choose the correct answer from the following code:

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

(B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

(C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.

(D) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

84. Which of the following set of statements best represents the nature and objective of teaching and learning?

(a) Teaching is like selling and learning is like buying.

(b) Teaching is a social act while learning is a personal act.

(c) Teaching implies learning whereas learning does not imply teaching.

(d) Teaching is a kind of delivery of knowledge while learning is like receiving it.

(e) Teaching is an interaction and is triadic in nature whereas learning is an active engagement in a subject domain.

Code:

(A) (a), (d) and (e)

(B) (b), (c) and (e)

(C) (a), (b) and (c)

(D) (a), (b) and (d)

85. From the list given below identify the learner characteristics which would facilitate teaching learning system to become effective. Choose the correct code to indicate your answer.

(a) Prior experience of learner

(b) Learner’s family lineage

(c) Aptitude of the learner

(d) Learner’s stage of development

(e) Learner’s food habits and hobbies

(f) Learner’s religious affiliation

Code:

(A) (a), (c) and (d)

(B) (d), (e) and (f)

(C) (a), (d) and (e)

(D) (b), (c) and (f)

86. Assertion (A): All teaching implies learning.

Reason (R): Learning to be useful must be derived from teaching.

Choose the correct answer from the following:

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

(B) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

(C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.

(D) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

87. On the basis of summative tests, a teacher is interpreting his/her students, performance in terms of their wellness life style evident in behaviour. This will be called:

(A) Formative testing

(B) Continuous and comprehensive evaluation

(C) Norm - referenced testing

(D) Criterion - referenced testing

88. Which one of the following is a key behaviour in effective teaching?

(A) Using student ideas and contribution (B) Structuring

(C) Instructional variety (D) Questioning

89. In the two sets given below Set - I indicates methods of teaching while Set - II provides the basic requirements for success/effectiveness. Match the two sets and indicate your answer by choosing from the code:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Set - I  (Method of teaching) | Set - II  (Basic requirements for success/effectiveness) |
| (a) Lecturing  (b) Discussion in groups  (c) Brainstorming  (d)Programmed Instructional | (i) Small step presentation with feedback provided  (ii) Production of large number of ideas  (iii) Content delivery in a lucid language  (iv) Use of teaching-aids procedure  (v) Theme based interaction among participants |

Code:

              (a)          (b)          (c)           (d)

(A)          (i)            (ii)         (iii)          (iv)

(B)          (ii)           (iii)         (iv)          (v)

(C)          (iii)          (v)          (ii)           (i)

(D)          (iv)         (ii)           (i)           (iii)

90. From the list of evaluation procedures given below identify those which will be called ‘formative evaluation’. Indicate your answer by choosing from the code:

(a) A teacher awards grades to students after having transacted the course work.

(b) During interaction with students in the classroom, the teacher provides corrective feedback.

(c) The teacher gives marks to students on a unit test.

(d) The teacher clarifies the doubts of students in the class itself.

(e) The overall performance of a students is reported to parents at every three months interval.

(f) The learner’s motivation is raised by the teacher through a question-answer session.

Code:

(A) (a), (b) and (c)

(B) (b), (c) and (d)

(C) (a), (c) and (e)

(D) (b), (d) and (f)

91. Assertion (A): All teaching should aim at ensuring learning.

Reason (R): All learning results from teaching.

Choose the correct answer from the following code:

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

(B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

(C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.

(D) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

92. Behaviour pattern that increases in frequency when followed by a reward is known as

(A) Shaping

(B) Classical Conditioning

(C) Generalization

(D) Operant Conditioning

93. Which of the following skills are needed for present day teacher to adjust properly with the classroom teaching?

1. Knowledge of technology

2. Use of technology in teaching learning

3. Knowledge of student’s needs

4. Content mastery

(A) 1 and 3 (B) 2 and 3

(C) 2, 3 and 4 (D) 2 and 4

94. Re-arrange the following steps of social learning theory as given by Bandura.

a. Remembering the behaviour.

b. Converting the memory into action.

c. Reinforcement of the imitated behaviour.

d. Attending to and perceiving the behaviour.

(A) a, b, d, c

(B) d, a, b, c

(C) d, a, c, b

(D) a, d, b, c

95. A teacher is strict in maintaining discipline in class in curricular and extracurricular activities. But there is always room for discussion regarding clarification of doubts in teaching-learning and conducting other activities. What is the approach of teacher towards students?

(A) Authoritative (B) Democratic

(C) Flexible (D) Rigid

96. Which of the following activities strictly comes under the management of teaching-learning activity ?

(A) Recruitment of teachers (B) Preparation of time table

(C) Equipping the classrooms (D) Appointing attending staff

97. If a student fails to answer a question in your class, you will

(A) Punish her (B) Ask her to sit down

(C) Try to prompt her (D) Ask another student to answer

98. Which of the following is the most important quality of a teacher?

(A) Punctuality (B) Content mastery

(C) Content mastery and communication competency (D) Sociability

99. In a survey for finding opinions of students on influence of teachers’ behaviour towards them, one student said, “A teacher who cannot follow rules and regulations is of no use to anyone.” The comment points towards which behaviour of a teacher ?

(A) A teacher needs to be efficient in content delivery.

(B) A teacher needs to be a model to students in all aspects.

(C) A teacher first needs to be obedient before asking students to be so.

(D) From teacher, students learn all misbehaviour.

100. Among the following teachers, whom you will like the most?

(A) One who uses motion picture as a last resort.

(B) One who uses charts and maps.

(C) One who uses boards occasionally.

(D) One who uses film projector along with the proper use of the board.